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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

ACTION TAKEN

ON THE

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE FIFTH DEVELOPMENT COMMISSIONERS' CONFERENCE HELD AT NAINITAL IN MAY 1956

C-D 42 1/2

Statement showing the action taken by the Ministry of Community Development on the main Recommendations and Conclusions of the Fifth Development Commissioners' Conference

Main recommendations	*Action taken*
EVALUATION REPORT, 1956. In order to ensure that these reports continue to prove helpful to the workers in the field, it was suggested that recommendations should be obtained from the Development Commissioners and other field workers in regard to special studies and new directions in which evaluation should be undertaken. These recommedations should first be scrutinised by a Standing Committee of a few selected Development Commissioners and then passed to the Planning Commission through the Community Projects Administration.	The meeting of the Development Commissioners held in New Delhi on 10th and 11th December, 1956 considered the procedure for taking action on the Evaluation Report. The procedure as suggested by the Ministry of Community Development and accepted by the meeting is reproduced below :— (*a*) The main conclusions and recommendations contained in the Reports should be considered both by the State Development Committee of Ministers, as well as by the Advisory Committee consisting of the Chief Secretary, Development Commissioner and the Secretaries and Heads of Departments ; (*b*) important points in the Reports should be taken up for discussion at intra-State Seminars ; (*c*) where points made require specific action by the State Governments, without further discussion or consideration, such action should be taken as early as possible ; and (*d*) a brief report should be forwarded to the Ministry of Community Development indicating action taken. (2) It was suggested that in future the P.E.O's Annual Evaluation Report should be divided in two parts, *viz.*, (*a*) a review as to how the Community Development and N.E.S. organisation has discharged its obligations and responsibilities, taking into account the resources available at its disposal; and (*b*) how far other Departments at the Centre and the States have assisted in the furtherance of the programme and what further facilities and resources are required in order to improve progress.

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(3) It was also agreed that a Sub-Committee of Development Commissioners should be constituted to examine the Annual Evaluation Report of the Programme Evaluation Organisation and give suggestions and recommendations on the various points made in the Reports. These will then be considered at the annual Development Commissioners' Conference. It was agreed that the Ministry of Community Development should nominate, for this purpose, five Development Commissioners representing the five S.R.C. Zones.

A Sub-Committee has accordingly been constituted with the following members :—

1. Shri V. Isvaran, I.C.S.	Bombay
2. Shri N. E. S. Raghvachari, I.C.S.	Kerala
3. Shri H. Banerjee, I.C.S.	West Bengal
4. Shri E. N. Mangat Rai, I.C.S.	Punjab
5. Shri Govind Narain, I.C.S.	Uttar Pradesh

The Sub-Committee was scheduled to meet on April 16, 57 to consider the Fourth Evaluation Report (1957) of the P.E.O., but the meeting had to be postponed as the Report was not ready. The report now forms an item on the agenda of the Conference.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

(*i*) It was reported that some States are experiencing difficulties as a result of accumulation of yarn. The All India Khadi and Village Industries Board are examining the problem and action is being taken in the direction of organisation work in areas where it is suitable on the basis of self-sufficiency and commercial marketing.

The All-India Khadi and Village Industries Board has agreed to help in getting the yarn woven so as to achieve self-sufficiency in cloth, if the affected areas happen to be in areas covered by C.P. area.

(*ii*) It was recommended that a more comprehensive survey be undertaken in the Pilot Projects. The Ministry of Commerce and Industry have agreed to provide about 10 teams each consisting of two or three Economic Investigators, who with technical officers for particular industries drawn from the All India Organisations, would carry out such an investigation and make concrete recommendations to the Pilot Project Officer (Industries) for further action.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry have taken action, and 12 teams have already gone to the undermentioned Pilot Projects for conducting industrial surveys :—

1. *Western Region* : (*a*) Kolhapur (*b*) Manavadar-Vanthali (*c*) Sohore & Raison Districts.
2. *Southern Region* : (*a*) Erode (*b*) Kakinada-Peddapuram (*c*) Neyyatinkara-Vilavancode.
3. *Northern Region* : (*a*) Batala (*b*) Dhuri (*c*) Deoband.
4. *Eastern Region* : (*a*) Baruipur (*b*) Russelkonda (*c*) Ekangarsarai-Barbigha C.P.

The teams have covered the first stage of the survey and have gone for the second and part of the third stage.

HOUSING

The amount of Rs. 10 crores available in the Second Five Year Plan as loan finance should be utilised for setting up model villages consisting entirely of new model houses. In locating sites, preference should be given to Community Development/NES blocks which are favourably situated in terms of communications, power, water supply, etc.

It is proposed to establish 625 Pilot Housing Projects in the country, and draw up master plans for the villages and suitable designs for houses by the State Rural Cells, having regard to local climatic and other conditions. An amount of Rs. 1 6 lakhs has been earmarked for each Project and estimates are made to associate other Ministries, etc., who have provision of funds for the rural uplift during the Second Five Year Plan. Ford Foundation have also offered assistance for this purpose.

IRRIGATION

Betterment Levy.

No final decision has so far been taken by the Planning Commission in the matter, which is still under correspondence with the State Governments.

PROGRAMME AND PLANNING

(*i*) Review of the scope and pace of the programme in view of the financial allocation of Rs. 200 crores provided in the Second Five Year Plan for the C.D. and NES programme against an estimated requirement of Rs. 263 crores.

The programme for C.D. and NES during the Second Five Year Plan visualised on the basis of the over-all allocation of Rs. 200 crores was communicated to State Governments *vide* letter No. CPA/13(18)/P/56, dated 10-7-56.

Recommendation	Action taken
(*ii*) Programme for pre-intensive period.	State Governments are generally advised, on each occasion an allotment is made, to give due consideration to the development of relatively backward areas, while locating the blocks. Instructions have also been issued to State Governments to fully utilise the period between the date of inauguration of block and the date of the commencement of actual work.
(*iii*) Programme for tribal areas.	The pattern of development and expenditure in the special multi-purpose blocks in tribal and scheduled areas allotted by the Ministry of Home Affairs and financed jointly by the Ministry of Home Affairs and Ministry of Community Development (Rs. 12 lakhs by the Ministry of Community Development and Rs. 15 lakhs from the Ministry of Home Affairs) has since been finalised and detailed instructions issued to the State Governments, *vide* letter No. 100 (25)/57-Prg, dated March 27, 1957.
DELEGATION OF POWERS It is important to ensure that adequate delegation of powers is given to the officers at various levels charged with the execution of schemes. There should also be progressive and enhanced powers given to these officers inthe light of the experience gained in the implementation of the programme during the last four years. It should, however, be noted that while the Sub-Divisional Officer should be given responsibility for the execution of the programme, nothing should be done to detract overall responsibility of the collector for the programme.	The need for delegation of adequate powers to the officers charged with executive responsibility for the programme has been repeatedly emphasised on the State Governments. The overall position is that the powers delegated to the Development Commissioners and the District Collectors more or less approximate the pattern set by the C.P.A. As regards the S.D.Os. and B.D.Os. the power of sanctioning grant-in-aid is less than the pattern suggested by CPA. The matter is under correspondence with the State Governments and deficiency, wherever it exists, will, it is hoped, be made up.
ADMINISTRATIVE INTELLIGENCE The Conference endorses the main recommendations and conclusions of the Calcutta Seminar on Administrative Intelligence.	(1) An expert Sub-Committee met in New Delhi during August 13-16, 1956. The recommendations of the Sub-Committee were forwarded to all Development Commissioners with this Ministry's letter No. MCD/38/6/56-FP, dated 7-11-56.

(2) The revision of the list of 'key indicators' in the light of the recommendations of the Sub-Committee of the Statisticians, Estimates Committee of the Lok Sabha and the Technical Advisers in the Ministry is an item for consideration at the Sixth Development Commissioners' Conference.

(3) It has been decided to change the basis of the assessment analysis from "per 1,000 persons" to "per Block", since the objective of the CD and NES programme is 'area development' with the Block as the unit. The revised technique is being introduced in the analysis of reports for December, 1956, quarter.

Information and Public Relations

A provision of a special fund of Rs. 1 crore should be made for supply of basic and cultural literature and other special educational material to project areas in accordance with the expansion programme for Community Development finalised in the Second Five-Year Plan. State Governments should be consulted for the selection of literature.

The scheme has been generally approved by the Central Committee and the matter is being processed further with the Ministry of Finance.

SMALL SAVINGS

The following measures were recommended for promoting the small savings movement in the Community Development and N.E.S. areas :—

(*i*) Sub-Committees of Block Advisory Committees may be constituted specially for the small savings movement and suitable non-officials may be coopted to these Sub-Committees.

(*ii*) District Saving Committees may be considered to be Sub-Committees of the District Planning Committees in order that there may be an effective liaison between the savings movement and the planning organisation.

Necessary instructions have been issued by most of the State Governments to their field staff asking them to propagate this activity. The State Governments were advised to utilize village panchayats and village cooperatives for this purpose. The National Savings Commissioner, Simla, has also been associated in this work and tour programmes of the officers of the National Savings Commissioner and the Ministry of Community Development are being sent to each other in their areas to help and keep each other fully informed of the activities. The Ministry of Communications have been approached to provide post-office saving-bank facilities at least at all the Block headquarters.

(*iii*) With a view to facilitating the issue of savings certificates, it is necessary that at least one post office savings bank is opened in every block, if not already in existence.

(*iv*) The Village Level Workers should be given some training either at the Extension Training Centres or through special lecture so that they may explain the aims and objectives of the movement to the villagers ; and

(*v*) The audio-visual equipment available in the block could be used for giving publicity to the savings movement.

In order that the efforts towards small savings drive in the States now merged with other States may not receive a set back, the State Governments have been asked to submit quarterly progress report with a descriptive note indicating measures taken for popularising and intensifying the Small Savings Schemes in their States.

Statement showing the position of theaction taken by the State Governments on the main recommendations of the Fifth Development Commissioners' Conference.

Main recommendations	*Action taken*
REVIEW OF OPERATIONAL POSITION	
It was felt that special stress should be laid on stepping up of agricultural production ; development of village and small scale industries ; development of co-operation; work among women, children and youth; work in tribal areas; assisting small farmers, landless tenants, agricultural labourers and artisans; strengthening of technical departments; development and activisation of self-governing institutions, especially village Panchayats; and effective co-ordination between the extension agency on the one side and technical departments and popular institutions on the other.	Reports received from the State Governments reveal that these activities are receiving due consideration.
COTTAGE INDUSTRIES	
(*i*) Cottage industries should be treated as part of the integrated programme in the C.D. and N.E.S. areas and targets for the industrial development should be fixed in respect of each C.D. and N.E.S block taking into consideration local conditions.	This is being implemented by most of the State Governments. Difficulty in implementation has particularly been expressed by Delhi Administration due to shortage of staff.

(*ii*) *Development of Khadi* :

The All-India Khadi and Village Industries Board is providing facilities for the training of instructors in Khadi Work. It is important that the Community Development Administration in the States should take advantage of these facilities by deputing suitable persons for training. In the pilot project areas Community Project Officers (Industries) should contact the regional representatives of the All-India Khadi and Village Industries Board and frame specific schemes for the training of instructors and development of institutions to take up khadi work.

The States of Kerala, Mysore, U.P., Delhi, Himachal Pradesh and West Bengal have replied stating that necessary action is being taken to implement the recommendation.

(*iii*) *Pilot Projects* :

It was agreed that Community Project Officer (Industries) Pilot Project, should be provided with technical staff in order to ensure the success of the programme. The cost of this staff would be met under the general pattern of assistance to the extent of 50% by the Central Government (Ministry of Commerce & Industry).

Some of the States have already appointed necessary staff while steps are being taken in others to implement the recommendations.

(*iv*) *Small Industrial Estates* :

2(*a*) (*vi*) The Ministry of Commerce and Industry have initiated a scheme for setting up small industrial estates each costing about 10—15 lakhs. These are entirely financed by the Centre and they have requested the State Governments to start with 8 industrial estates situated in suitable pilot project areas. The establishment of such industrial estates and their extension to other suitable Community Project areas was also recommended. The Ministry of Commerce and Industry have also launched an experimental scheme for 45 mobile workshops to do

The following pilot projects have been selected for establishing Industrial Estates :

1. Andhra Pradesh	Kakinada
2. Bombay	Kolhapur
3. Madras	Erode
4. Punjab	(*i*) Batala
	(*ii*) Malerkotla
5. West Bengal	Baruipur
6. Kerala	Neyyattinkara
7. Madhya Pradesh	Bhopal

intensive touring in selected Community Project areas particularly pilot projects and a certain number are already on the road. It is important that the State Government should take full advantage of these schemes initiated by the Government of India.

Two small Industrial Estates have already been established in U. P., at Ghaziabad and Ghazipur. Proposals for establishing two more Industrial Estates are under correspondence with the Ministry of C. & I. One scheme in respect of Erode at Madras has been sanctioned by the Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries. As there has been a delay on the part of the State Governments concerned to forward their schemes to the Ministry of Commerce & Consumer Industries, that Ministry has reminded the Joint Development Commissioners of all the 5 regions to have the schemes finalised at a very early date.

INTEGRATION OF VARIOUS STATE GOVERNMENTS SCHEMES REGARDING COTTAGE INDUSTRIES WITH THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

Recommendation is being implemented in most of the States.

EXTENSION SERVICE FOR COTTAGE AND SMALL-SCALE INDUSTRIES AND TRAINING PROGRAMME :

An Extension Officer for Industries to be made available to each C.D./N.E.S. block. The cost of this Officer will come within the terms of the pattern of assistance of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (*i.e.*, sharing expenditure on 50 : 50 basis with the State Governments).

Copies of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry's letter, asking the State Governments to recruit the Extension Officer (Industries) in each C.D./N.E.S. area the cost of which is to be shared on 50:50 basis—have been forwarded to the State Governments. Some of the States have already appointed Extension Officers (Industries) in the development blocks.

CO-OPERATION

Rules and regulations relating to taccavi should be examined and liberalized, as far as possible, with a view to providing adequate credit to the so-called un-credit worthy applicants.

The recommendation is being implemented in most of the States.

The Government of Kerala have furnished information regarding

It was suggested that information may be collected on the following items which were considerd as key indicators of progress in the field of co-operation :

(*a*) Number of new cooperative societies started ;

(*b*) Number of new members enrolled in new and existing cooperative societies;

(*c*) Amount of share capital raised from members ;

(*d*) Names, quantity and value of agricultural commodities marketed through primary marketing societies, and

(*e*) Number of godowns constructed by Co-operative societies.

With regard to the training of Block Extension Officers for Cooperation, State Governments should make early arrangements for the recruitment of suitable personnel and their deputation for training at the 8 Training Centres set up by the Government of India. It was recommended that the project staff should actively assist in arranging programmes of cooperative education for the members and office-bearers of cooperative societies.

AGRICULTURE

(*i*) *Consolidation of holdings :*

Consolidation of holdings should be taken up at the earliest possible stage, preferably at the pre NES stage.. It was suggested that the State Governments may adopt staffing pattern in Punjab and Uttar Pradesh where valuable work had been done in the field of consolidation.

the key indicators in respect of the blocks allotted to erstwhile Travancore-Cochin State.

Andhra Pradesh and Himachal Pradesh have adopted the staffing pattern accordingly. Kerala State has, however, stated that in the conditions existing in that State Plans for Punjab and U.P. will not be suitable as far as that State is concerned. The Government of Bombay is considering the possibility of deputing one or two Consolidation Officers to Punjab and U.P. on study-tour. Delhi Admn. have already covered 2ɪo villages out of the 282 Villages that are fit for consolidation

(*ii*) *Minimum Agricultural Programme* :

(*a*) Pre-Community Development Stage.

(*b*) Community Development Stage.

Information regarding the implementation of the programmes has been received from Bombay, West Bengal, Kerala, Manipur, Pondicherry, and U.P. The recommendation is under examination of the Government of Madras.

(*iii*) *Cultivation Pepper*

It was recommended that in those States where possibilities of pepper cultivation exist, nurseries for the production of plants of guaranted quality should be set up and distributed through the extension agency.

The Government of Kerala have intimated that nurseries have not been started in the NES areas; but quality cuttings—both rooted and unrooted—are being distributed.

MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH

(*i*) *Primary Health Centres* :

The Government of U.P. have implemented the scheme of having one primary health centre and 3 maternity child sub-centres for 35 Community Development blocks. Health Centres already exist in all the blocks in Mysore and their number is being further increased.

Health Centres and maternity and child welfare centres will be provided in different parts of West Bengal during the Second Five Year Plan. Pondicherry Government have also planned adequate number of Primary Health Centres in these blocks.

( ) *Family Planning* :

The Government of U.P. have undertaken training of persons in the techniques and methods of family planning. The recommendation is also being implemented by Madras, West Bengal, Kerala, Delhi and Pondicherry States. The Government of Bombay have stated that their policy is against the use of artificial methods like contraceptives, operations, etc. That Government favours moral restraints and rhythmic cycle. Recently, however it is understood that they have agreed to fall into line with all-India policy.

(iii) Mineral and Thermal Springs :	
Each State should collect complete information on the existence of mineral springs in its own area, analyse the water of such springs and consider the question of developing such springs, as are found suitable for the purpose, as health resorts and as hydrotherapy centres for treatment of certain ailments.	The Governments of Bombay, Orissa, Punjab, and U.P. have stated that speedy action is being taken by them in the matter.
SOCIAL EDUCATION	
(i) Work among women.	Two pilot projects for women have been started in Kerala. The Government of Madras is also taking action on the lines recommended. The Government of U.P. have taken up the programme. The Government of Mysore has started home science wings for the training of women, but the response so far has not yet been very encouraging.
(ii) Programme of work among children.	The recommendation is being implemented by most of the State Governments.
(iii) Work among Youth.	There are many clubs and organisations in most of the States working among youth. Efforts are being made by these organisations to utilise and properly channelise the energy of the village youth in useful persuits.
(iv) Production and use of Audio-visual Aids.	Noted for consideration.
SUPPLIES AND USE OF EQUIPMENT	The recommendation is generally being implemented.
IRRIGATION	
(i) Methods to accelerate water utilisation.	The recommendation has been noted by the State Governments.
(ii) Synchronised promotion of seasonal activities.	The recommedation is being implemented.

PROGRAMME PLANNING	
(i) Programme for pre-extensive period.	The recommendation is generally being implemented. Difficulties have, however, been expressed regarding the conducting of preliminary survey of new blocks. This part of the recommendation is particularly not being implemented in Madras, Bombay, Rajasthan, Himachal Pradesh and Orissa.
(ii) Programme for pre-intensive, intensive and post-intensive period.	Action is being taken generally by all the State Governments on this recommendation.
TRAINING	
A. PROJECT PERSONNEL	
(i) Institutional Training *(ii) Organic relationship between the training centres and the field :*	The recommendations are generally being implemented.
The Principal of the Extension Training Centre should be given over-all responsibility for the implementation of the programme in the Development block around the Training Centre. He should be suitably assisted by a Block Development Officer.	Some of the State Governments namely, Punjab, Bihar, Madras and Jammu and Kashmir do not consider it desirable to burden the principal with any administrative or development work. However, the recommendation is generally being implemented by some other States including U.P., Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh and Mysore.
(iii) Establishment of Training Centres.	The recommendation has been noted by the State Governments.
(iv) In-service Training Programme.	The recommendations are generally being implemented.
PEOPLE'S PROGRAMME	The recommendations are generally being implemented.
ADMINISTRATION	
(a) Assisting the growth of Technical Departments :	
It was emphasised that the system under the National Extension Service, whereby an administrator acts as a	The recommendation is generally being implemented. Some friction between the technical officers and administrative officers

co-ordinator of the work of technical officers at various levels, should be maintained. But, while the administrator continues as the leader of the team of the departments at his level, for instance the B.D.O. at the block level, it is important that the technical officers should not feel a sense of frustration........ It will be necessary to strengthen the supervisory personnel in the technical departments at the sub-divisional, district, and State levels. The strengthening of the personnel should not only be quantitative but also qualitative.	has been reported in Mysore; but the State Government has issued necessary instructions to the P.E.Os. as per recommendations of the Development Commissioners' Conference.
(b) *Delegation of powers.*	Action is being taken.
(c) *Delimitation of block boundaries.*	State Governments have generally accepted the recommendation and are acting accordingly.
(d) *Administrative co-ordination.*	The recommendations are generally being implemented.
ADMINISTRATIVE INTELLIGENCE	
Setting up of Administrative Intelligence Units in the States :	
(i) The A. I. Unit at the State Hqs. should form an integral part of the State Bureau of Economics and Statistics, where a Bureau already exists.	(i) A. I. Units have been set up in the States. The A.I. Units have been integrated with State Statistical Bureaus in all the States except Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Orissa, Punjab, U.P. and West Bengal. The Government of Andhra Pradesh have decided to keep the unit in the Planning & Development Department itself, as this course was considered to be in the best interest of administrative efficiency. The State Bureau of Economics also, it has been stated, forms part of the Planning and Development Department.
(ii) There should be adequate arrangements for statistical work at all levels *viz.*, State, District and Block, and, if possible, at the Divisional Level also.	(ii) Provision for one Progress Assistant in a Block has been made in the permanent staffing pattern of NES during the Second Plan. The question of training of Progress Assistants by the State Statistical Bureaus under the guidance of C.S.O. has also been taken up by States. The strengthening of the Statistical Machinery at district and State headquarters is engaging the attention of the C.S.O.

(*iii*) The Centre should share with the State Governments in the expenditure on statistical personnel from the Block-level upwards.

(*iii*) This question was recently discussed in the Fifth Meeting of the Working Party on Statistical schemes for financial assistance from the Centre, held in the C.S.O. on 5th March, 1957. It was recommended that the expenditure on staff to be appointed at State Headquarters for doing work relating to C.D. and N.E.S. Programme should be shared through funds provided in the C.S.O. budget. The staffing pattern for the purpose as recommended by the Joint Conference of Central and State Statisticians (*i.e.*, One Assistant Director, 2 Investigators, 1 Clerk, 1 Peon) was approved. The Cabinet Secretariat has issued a letter to all State Governments inviting specific proposals under this head. Ministry of Community Development have also written a letter to the Development Commissioners *vide* letter No. 37/56-PP—dated 12-6-57 to avail of this assistance.

(*iv*) It is understood that in certain States the Head of the Administrative Units is being required to do quite a lot of other work *e. g.* publicity. The seminar was of the view that the work relating to A.I. unit was sufficiently heavy and that the A.I. Unit should not be burdened with any other miscellaneous items of work.

(*iv*) This recommendation has been implemented by most of the States.

BASIC EDUCATION

8(*iv*) The educational institutions that are coming up in the Community Development and N.E.S. areas should conform to the ideal of rural living. In other words, special efforts should be made to introduce basic education in the project areas. Development Commissioners and others concerned were requested to take sympathetic and appreciative interest in basic education.

The State Governments have been advised to make special efforts to introduce basic education in the Project areas. The replies received show that due attention is being paid to implement the programme relating to Basic education in the institutions that are coming up in the C.D./N.E.S. areas.

(*i*) State Government which have not yet set up liaison Committees at the State level to look after the establishment and running of the Information and Community Centres at the Block headquarters Centres should do so immediately and get them to start functioning without further delay.	Committees have been set up in most of the States.
(*ii*) State Governments should forward a list of District Information Centres to the C.P.A. so that they could send the literature and material to these Centres.	Lists have been received from the States of Mysore, Bombay, U.P., Rajasthan, Himachal Pradesh and Delhi. There are no District Information Centres in Orissa, Kerala and Rajasthan.
(*iii*) As regards the intensive publicity of C.D. and N.E.S., the Conference reiterated the recommendation of the Simla Conference that a suitable wing of the State Information and Publicity Department should be organised under an officer of sufficiently high status, who will be exclusively responsible for the publicity work concerning the C. D. and N.E.S.	The recommendation is being generally implemented.
(*iv*) State Governments should undertake the preparation of regional language editions of C.P.A. publications in the same way as in the case of other technical manuals.	This is generally being done.
(*v*) Close liaison should be maintained between the Field Publicity Officers of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting and State Publicity Departments.	The recommendation is being generally implemented
(*vi*) State Governments should see to it that the bulk supply of literature by Central agency like the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting and the C.P.A. is not held up at the receiving end but is distributed frequently to the ultimate recipients.	The recommendation is being implemented.

SONG AND DRAMA

Close liaison should be maintained between the Project authorities and the Radio Stations concerned in the sphere of rural programme and for the popularising of the Song and Drama programmes of the All India Radio.	The recommendation is being implemented

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